

# Imaginary Powers of $(k, a)$ -Generalized Harmonic Oscillator

*Wentao Teng*

We will define and investigate the imaginary powers  $(-\Delta_{k,a})^{-i\sigma}$ ,  $\sigma \in \mathbb{R}$  of the  $(k, a)$ -generalized harmonic oscillator  $-\Delta_{k,a} = -\|x\|^{2-a} \Delta_k + \|x\|^a$  for  $a = 2$  and  $1$  respectively, and prove the  $L^p$ -boundedness ( $1 < p < \infty$ ) and weak  $L^1$ -boundedness of such operators. To prove this result, we develop the Calderón–Zygmund theory adapted to the  $(k, a)$ -generalized setting for  $a = 2$  and  $1$ , and show that  $(-\Delta_{k,a})^{-i\sigma}$  are singular integral operators satisfying the corresponding Hörmander type condition.